




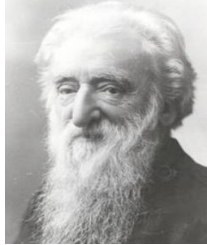



Victorian Britain



Monarchy

<p>1) King John 1199 - 1216</p>  <p>The unpopular King John signed an agreement with his barons, which introduced the Magna Carta, created a parliament to stop dictatorship.</p>	<p>2) Queen Anne 1702 - 1714</p>  <p>The Kingdoms of England and Scotland, united as Great Britain.</p>	<p>3) Queen Victoria 1837 - 1901</p>  <p>Ruled the British Empire (Australia, Canada, New Zealand, South Africa and India)</p> <p>First monarchy to live at Buckingham Palace.</p> <p>Second longest reigning monarch in British history.</p>	
--	---	--	--

Nottingham

<p>4) The Lace Market</p>  <p>Nottingham became famous for its lace factory.</p>	<p>5) Jesse Boot</p>  <p>Jesse Boot's father, John Boot, founded The Boots Company, which Jesse transformed into a national retailer. Jesse Boot was a great benefactor to the city of Nottingham.</p>	<p>6) William Booth</p>  <p>William Booth was born in Sneinton, Nottingham and founded The Salvation Army (a charitable organisation).</p>	<p>7) Thomas Hawksley</p>  <p>Born in Arnold, Nottingham, Thomas Hawksley was a civil engineer who designed a major new water system in Nottingham. Clean water became available at the turn of a tap.</p>
--	---	---	---

The Arts

<p>8) William Morris</p>  <p>British textile designer, which links to the rapid growth of the textile industry during the Victorian era.</p>	<p>9) Music Hall -</p> <p>A type of theatrical entertainment venue, which showcased popular forms of entertainment during the Victorian era. The Nottingham Theatre Royal was built during this era, as a result.</p>	<p>10) Charles Dickens</p>  <p>Regarded as the greatest novelist during the Victorian era. Some examples of his work are: Oliver Twist and a Christmas Carol.</p>
---	---	--

Timeline

11) 1760 (Not the Victorian era) - Beginning of the industrial revolution, which saw a transition to new manufacturing processes.	12) 1837 - Queen Victoria came to power, following her uncle William IV.	13) 1842 - Mines Act - Women and children under 10 banned from working underground.	14) 1844 - Factory Act - Children under 13 to work no more than 6.5 hours a day.	15) 1848 - Cholera epidemic. This is a highly infectious disease transmitted through unclean water, within a populated community.	16) 1879 - Invention of the light bulb by Thomas Edison.	17) 1880 - Education Act - Schooling made compulsory for children aged 5-10 years old.	18) 1881 - The Spirograph was developed and used by architects for calculating the area of a curved shape.	19) 1889 - Children's Act - The first Act of Parliament in order to protect children from cruelty and abuse.	20) 1901 - Queen Victoria died. Her eldest son, Edward VII, replaced her.
--	---	--	---	--	---	---	---	---	--